

# As a Year 5 Computer Scientist I will know...

#### Computing systems and networks - sharing information

to recognise that a system is a set of interconnected parts which work together

explain that computers can be connected to form IT systems

identify that data can be transferred between IT systems recognise inputs, processes and outputs explain the role of search engines and web crawlers explain how search results are ranked and selected explain how search engines make money through advertising

identify some of the limitations of search engines

### **Creating media - vector drawing**

identify that a vector drawing comprises separate objects recognise that each object in a drawing is in its own layer recognise that vector images can be scaled without impact on quality

recognise that objects can be modified in groups explain how alignment and size guides can help create a more consistent drawing.

to consider the impact of choices made

### Creating media - video editing

explain the features of video as a visual media format recognise which devices can and can't record video explain purpose of a storyboard recognise filming techniques can be used to create different effects

recognise the need to review and reflect on a project recognise the limitations of editing identify videos can be edited and improved through reshooting and editing recognise projects need to be exported to be shared

### **Data and information - Flat file databases**

explain that a computer program can be used to organise data.

explain that tools can be used to select data and answer questions.

ordering data allows us to answer some questions operands can be used to filter data

outline how 'AND' and 'OR' can be used to refine data selection

explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually

explain that we present information to communicate a message

### **Programming A - Selection in physical computing**

A condition can only be true or false
A count controlled loop contains a condition
Compare a count controlled loop with a condition controlled loop

Explain that a condition controlled loop will stop when a condition is met

Explain that when a condition is met, a loop will complete a cycle before it stops

## Project Evolve

self image and identity
online relationships
online reputation
online bullying
managing online information
health, wellbeing and lifestyle
privacy and security
copyright and ownership



# As a Year 5 Computer Scientist I can...

- Describe the input and output of a search engine
- Demonstrate that different search terms produce different results
- Evaluate the results of search terms.

## **Creating media - video production**

- Use different camera angles
- Use pan, tilt & zoom
- Identify features of a video recording device or application
- Combine filming techniques for a given purpose
- Determine what scenes will convey your idea
- Choose to reshoot a scene or improve later through editing
- Use split, trim and crop to edit a video

## **Creating media - vector graphics**

- Add an object to a vector drawing
- Select one object or multiple objects/delete objects
- Move objects between layers of a drawing
- Group and ungroup selected objects
- Duplicate objects using copy and paste
- Modify objects
- Reposition objects
- Combine options to achieve desired effect
- Create a vector drawing for a given purpose



# As a Year 5 Computer Scientist I can...

Project Evolve

# **Data and Information Flat file databases**

- To export information in different formats
- To choose which attribute and value to search by to answer a given question (operands)
- To ask questions that need more than one attribute to answer
- To choose which attribute to sort data by to answer a given question
- To choose multiple criteria to search data to answer a given question (AND and OR)
- To select an appropriate graph to visually compare data
- To choose suitable ways to present information to other people

# **Programming A**

- To create a condition-controlled loop
- To use a condition in an 'if...then...' statement to start an action
- To use selection to switch the program flow in one of two ways
- To use a condition in an 'if...then...else...' statement to produce given outcomes