Year 5 Programme of Study
Mathematics Mastery is fully aligned to the National Curriculum. Our Programmes of Study outline the objectives taught throughout the year in Mathematics Mastery lessons*.
*Some National Curriculum objectives are also further embedded during Maths Meetings, see Maths Meeting termly guidance here.

|  | 1. Reasoning with large whole numbers (2 weeks) | - read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit <br> - count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 <br> - round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest $10,100,1000,10000$ and 100000 <br> - solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above <br> - read Roman numerals to $1000(\mathrm{M})$ and recognise years written in Roman numerals |
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|  | 2. Problem solving with integer addition and subtraction (2 weeks) | - add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <br> - add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) <br> - use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy <br> - solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why |
|  | 3. Line graphs and timetables (2 weeks) | - solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph <br> - complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables <br> - solve problems involving converting between units of time |
|  | 4. <br> Multiplication and division <br> (3 weeks) | - identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers <br> - recognise and use square numbers and the notation for squared ( ${ }^{2}$ ) <br> - know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers <br> - establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 <br> - multiply and divide whole numbers by 10,100 and 1000 <br> - multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts <br> - solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes <br> - multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <br> - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign |
|  | 5. Perimeter and area <br> (1 week) | - measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres <br> - calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) and estimate the area of non-rectilinear shapes |

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|  | 7. Angles <br> (2 weeks) | - know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <br> - draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) <br> - identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ); angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ); other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ |
|  | 8. Fractions, decimals and percentages <br> (3 weeks) | - add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number <br> - multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams <br> - solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates <br> - recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 , and as a decimal <br> - solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$ and fraction and decimal equivalents of percentages that are multiples of 10 and 25 <br> - solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> - use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling |
|  | 9. Transformations (2 weeks) | - identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed <br> - use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <br> - describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) (Y6 objective) <br> - interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero (through coordinates context) |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { d } \\ & \text { g } \\ & \text { g } \\ & \text { ひٌ } \end{aligned}$ | 10. Converting units of measure (2 week) | - convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram) <br> - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10 , 100 and 1000 <br> - understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints |
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|  | 11. Calculating with whole numbers and decimals (3 weeks) | - use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling <br> - solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> - multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers <br> - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10 , 100 and 1000 |
|  | 12. 2-D and 3-D shape (2 weeks) | - distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles <br> - use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <br> - identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations <br> - recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (Y6 objective) <br> - illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that diameter is twice the radius. (Y6 objective) |
|  | 13. Volume (1 week) | - estimate volume [for example, using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] <br> - recognise and use cube numbers and the notation for cubed $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ |
|  | 14. Problem solving (2 weeks) | - interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <br> - interpret non-integer answers to division by expressing results in different ways according to the context, including with remainders, as fractions, as decimals or by rounding (for example, $98 \div 4=498=24 \mathrm{r} 2=2421=24.5 \approx$ 25). (Non-statutory) <br> - calculate and interpret the mean as an average (Y6 objective) |

